

MŰSZAKI FÖLD- ÉS KÖRNYEZETTUDOMÁNYI KAR

GEOPHYSICAL EXPLORATION METHODS I.

MS in Earth Science Engineering

First semester 2024/2025

COURSE COMMUNICATION DOCUMENT

University of Miskolc Faculty of Earth and Environmental Sciences and Engineering Institute of Exploration Geosciences

Course datasheet

Course title: Geophysical exploration methods I. Responsible professors: Norbert Péter Szabó Dr., DSc, dr. habil., full professor László Gombár Dr., department engineer	Code: MFGFT7100021 Responsible Institute/Department: Institute of Exploration Geosciences / Department of Geophysics
Semester: first	Pre-requisites: MFGFT6002D, MFGFT6003D
Number of Contact Hours per Week : 2 lec. + 1 lab.	Type of Assessment (exam. / pr. mark. / other): exam (oral)
Credits: 4	Type of Program: full time Program and Specializations: MS in Earth Science Engineering, Geological Engineering, Geophysical Engineering and Geoinformatics Engineering specializations

Study goals:

Understanding the surface geophysical methods and the geophysical methods used in boreholes for the purpose that students can design and execute geophysical research and evaluate data.

Competencies to be developed:

Knowledge: T1, T2, T4, T7, T8, T9

Ability: K1, K2, K3, K5, K9, K11, K12, K13

Attitude: A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, A7

Autonomy and responsibility: F1, F2, F3, F4, F5

Course content:

Gravity and magnetic methods of applied geophysics. Direct current geoelectric and electromagnetic methods. Seismic methods of applied geophysics. Basic methods of borehole geophysics. Well-logging methods. Engineering geophysical soundings (direct-push logging methods). Physical principles of the above surveying methods. Presentation of measured quantities and the correction of measurement data. Relation between the petrographic and petrophysical parameters and the quantities measured by geophysical tools. General methods for processing and evaluating geophysical data. Deterministic, statistical and inversion methods of interpretation. The problem of ambiguity in geophysical applications of applied geophysical methods.

Type of assessment:

Attendance at lectures is regulated by the university code of education and examination. Two writing tests with satisfactory results, and two assignments during the semester is the requirement of signature.

Grading scale: >86 %: excellent, 71-85 %: good, 61-70 %: medium, 46-60 %: satisfactory, <45 %: unsatisfactory.

Compulsory and recommended literature resources:

- Telford W. M., Geldart L. P., Sheriff R. E., 1990. Applied geophysics. Second edition. Cambridge University Press.
- Kearey P., Brooks M., Hill I., 2002. An Introduction to Geophysical Exploration. Third edition. Blackwell Science Ltd.
- Serra O. & L., 2004. Well logging data acquisition and application, Editions Technip.
- Szabó N. P., 2015. Geophysical exploration methods I. Electronic textbook. https://www.uni-miskolc.hu/~geofiz/Geophysical-exploration-methods-I_MSc.pdf
- Szabó N. P., 2016. Well-logging methods. Electronic textbook. <u>https://www.uni-miskolc.hu/~geofiz/Well-logging-methods_new.pdf</u>

Course schedule

Date	Lecture
11-Sep	Classification of applied geophysics methods. Gravity methods: measured quantities, basic corrections, and data processing methods. Filtering gravity maps. Evaluation of measurement data for causative bodies with simple geometries. Geological and environmental geological applications.
18-Sep	University Sports Day.
25-Sep	Magnetic methods: measured quantities, basic corrections, and data processing methods. Reducing magnetic data to the pole. Evaluation of measurement data for magnetizable subsurface bodies with simple geometries. Geological and environmental geological applications.
2-Oct	The specific resistivity of rocks, the concept of apparent resistivity. Direct current geoelectric methods. VES and multi-electrode measurement methods. Introduction of electromagnetic methods. Induced Polarization (IP) in the time domain (TDIP) and the frequency domain (FDIP). Types of electric polarizations creating the IP signal and their geological background.
9-Oct	Frequency domain electromagnetic methods (FDEM): MT and VLF methods, artificial source frequency sounding methods: measurement systems, zones around the transmitter, characteristics of the apparent resistivity and phase curves.
16-Oct	Time-domain electromagnetic methods (TDEM): transient, IP and ground radar methods. The transient EM measurement system and the zones around the transmitter. In the case of electrical and electromagnetic methods, the possibilities of controlling the depth of penetration. The relationship between the petrophysical properties of rocks and parameters measured by well logging methods. Introduction to petrophysics. Reservoir modeling.
23-Oct	National Holiday.
30-Oct	Holiday declared by Dean.

6-Nov	The basics of nuclear well logging methods. Determination of lithology and porosity. Presentation of main application areas. The basics of acoustic well logging methods. Determination of sonic porosity and permeability. Presentation of main application areas. The basics of electric well logging methods. The relation between resistivity and water saturation.
13-Nov	Possibilities for joint processing of open-hole well logging data. Cross-plot techniques. Statistical and depth-by-depth inversion methods. Principle of engineering geophysical sounding measurements. Determination of petrophysical and geotechnical properties of soils/rocks.
20-Nov	The development of seismic refracted waves. The travel-time curve and its characteristic parameters. Processing and evaluation of refraction data. Near-surface applications.
27-Nov	The development of seismic reflected waves. The travel-time curve and its characteristic parameters. Dynamic and static corrections. The common midpoint (CMP) gather. Features of seismic (TWT) sections.
4-Dec	Interpretation of seismic (2D and 3D) sections. Isochronal maps. Seismic stratigraphy. Vertical and horizontal resolution.
11-Dec	Acoustic impedance, reflection, and transmission coefficients. Possibilities of detecting gas reservoirs by seismic method. The bright spot.

Date	Seminar
11-Sep	Geological and environmental geological applications of gravity methods. Description of the basic procedures used for processing and evaluating gravity data.
18-Sep	University Sports Day.
25-Sep	Geological and environmental geological applications of magnetic methods. Description of the basic procedures used for processing and evaluating magnetic data. Description of the tasks of the first assignment (gravity and magnetic methods).
2-Oct	The geological and environmental geological interpretation of DC geoelectric data.
9-Oct	The geological and environmental geological interpretation of EM surveying data. Estimation of petrophysical parameters using well logging data.
16-Oct	Writing the first test.
23-Oct	National Holiday.

30-Oct	Holiday declared by Dean.
6-Nov	Computer aided processing of well logging data (MATLAB exercises). Presentation of the depth-by-depth inverse problem.
13-Nov	Tracking and correlation of reflection horizons and tectonic elements. Principles of reflection seismic data processing.
20-Nov	Principles of refraction seismic data processing I.
27-Nov	Principles of refraction seismic data processing II.
4-Dec	Submission of the individual assignments.
11-Dec	Writing the second test. Repeating the writing tests.

Exam questions

- 1. Gravity methods: measured quantities, basic corrections and data processing methods. Filtering gravity maps. Evaluation of measurement data for causative bodies with simple geometries. Geological and environmental geological applications.
- 2. Magnetic methods: measured quantities, basic corrections and data processing methods. Reducing magnetic data to the pole. Evaluation of measurement data for magnetizable bodies with simple geometries. Geological and environmental geological applications.
- 3. The specific resistivity of rocks, the concept of apparent resistivity. Direct current geoelectric methods. VES and multi-electrode measurement methods. Introduction of electromagnetic methods. Induced Polarization (IP) in the time domain (TDIP) and the frequency domain (FDIP). Types of electric polarizations creating the IP signal and their geological background.
- 4. Frequency domain electromagnetic methods (FDEM): MT and VLF methods, artificial source frequency sounding methods: measurement systems, zones around the transmitter, characteristics of the apparent resistivity and phase curves.
- 5. Time-domain electromagnetic methods (TDEM): transient, IP and ground radar methods. The transient EM measurement system and the zones around the transmitter. In the case of electrical and electromagnetic methods, the possibilities of controlling the depth of penetration.
- 6. The development of seismic reflected waves. The travel-time curve and its characteristic parameters. Dynamic and static corrections. The common mid-point (CMP) gather. Features of seismic (TWT) sections.
- 7. Interpretation of seismic (2D and 3D) sections. Isochronal maps. Seismic stratigraphy. Vertical and horizontal resolution. Acoustic impedance, reflection and transmission coefficients. Possibilities of detecting gas reservoirs by seismic method. The bright spot.

- 8. The development of seismic refracted waves. The travel-time curve and its characteristic parameters. Processing and evaluation of refraction data. Near-surface applications.
- 9. The basics of nuclear well logging methods. Determination of lithology and porosity. Presentation of main application areas.
- 10. The basics of acoustic well logging methods. Determination of sonic porosity and permeability. Presentation of main application areas.
- 11. The basics of electric well logging methods. The relation between resistivity and water saturation. Presentation of main application areas.
- 12. Principle of engineering geophysical sounding measurements. Determination of petrophysical and geotechnical properties of soils/rocks.